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2019 JUL - | AM 10: 19

2018 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) FRENCH CAMP ACADEMY

Public Water System Name MS0100010

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

-		Please check all boxes that apply.	
	Customers we	e informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	
	X	Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)	
		☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)	
		☐ Email message (Email the message to the address below)	
		□ Other_	
	Date(s) custo	ners were informed: 6 / 13/2019 / /2019 / /2019	-
		ibuted by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery.	— эгу
	Date Mailed/	Distributed:/ /	
	CCR was distri	outed by Email (Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / / 2019	
		☐ As a URL(Provide Direct UR	. .
		☐ As an attachment	L)
		☐ As text within the body of the email message	
X	CCR was publis	ned in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	
	Name of New	paper: The Star Herald	
	Date Publishe	6/13/19	
	CCR was posted	in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / /2019	
	CCR was posted	on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address:	-
21010			
CERT herel	IFICATION by certify that the	CCR has been distributed to the outcome of the content of the cont)
above and co	and that I used dis rrect and is consist	CCR has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified in the water quality monitoring data provided to the PWS officials by the Mississippi State Department of the water Supply	d
of Hea	lth, Bureau of Publ		it
	The	tx troparty Manager 06/25/19	
wanpe/	Title (Board Presi	ent, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.) Date	

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

Not a preferred method due to poor clarity

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2019!

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report French Camp Academy PWS ID # 0100010 May, 2019

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of two wells that draw from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for French Camp Academy received a lower usceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Galen Shumaker at 662-674-5353. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please contact our office and a meeting will be held to discuss the results.

French Camp Academy routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST R	ESULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contami	nants						
10. Barium	N	2018	0.0122	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries;
13. Chromium 14. Copper	N	2018	2	No Range	Ppb	100	100	erosion of natural deposits Discharge from steel and pulp mills erosion of natural deposits
	N	1/1/15 to 12/31/17*	0.3	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2018 1/1/15 to	0.939	No Range	ppm	4	4	leaching from wood preservatives Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
-		12/31/17*	3	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectant								a special
Cl2)	N	1/1/18 to 12/31/18	1.20	1.40 to 1.80	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
Total tri- alomethanes]	N	2018	1.43	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
IAA5 Most recent samp	N	2018	1	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. French Camp Academy is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested..

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have questions.

	Date: June 13, 2019
To: French Camp Aca	ademy
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For publication of describe	ed notice, copy of which is attached.
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Ad Size 3 columns x 12'	" Times 1 and making 2 proofs, \$357.00
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defined and described in S	enate Bill No. 203 enacted at the regular session of the Mississippi Legislature
of 1948, amended Section	1858, of the Mississippi Code of 1942, and that the publication of a potice of
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Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or a		MCLG	MCL	T District
Inorganic (Contami	Dante		MCL/ACL	Measurement			Likely Source of Contamination
10. Barium	N				1 -1 -	1	-	2
S 1 W		2018	.0.0122	No Range	Ppm	2	1	Discharge of drilling wastes;
13. Chromium	'N	2018	- 2	No Range	Ppb			erosion of natural deposits Discharge from steel and pulp mills erosion of natural deposits Compaign of heaves
4. Copper	N	1/1/15 to	0.3	None	- 6	100	. 100	
		12/31/17*	- · · ·	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	
6. Fluoride	N	2018	0.939	No Range	ppm			leaching from wood matural deposits;
. 4		- 1			PPIII	4	. 4	additive which property; water
7. Lead	N	1/1/15 to 12/31/17*	3	None	ppb			teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
isinfectant	& Disi	Dfectant I	Dr. D. I		рро	0	AL-15	Corresion of household -1
lorine (as	N	1/1/18 to	y-Prodi			100		systems, erosion of natural deposits
TTHM		12/31/18	1.20	1.40 to 1.80	ppm 1	41	41	
otal tri-	N.	2018	1.43	No Range	ppb	0	- 00	Water additive used to control microbes
omethanes]	N	2018	10.40				80	By-product of drinking water
ist recent sample	-		1.	No Range	ppb	0		By-product of drinking water

Additional Information for Lead

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